

## WORLD HAND HYGIENE DAY 2024

## Let's share knowledge \& stop the spread

## WHY WASH HANDS?

N1" About 80\% of infectious diseases are transmitted by unclean hands touching contaminated surfaces

N1" Organisms left on surfaces can survive for minutes, hours, days and even weeks depending on the organism, surface and environment

N Organisms multiply! A single bacterium can multiply into more than 16 million in 8 hours

N1/. Hands come into contact with around 10 million organisms per day, and most people encounter roughly 60,000 organisms a day

N". Humans are estimated to have approx. 1,500 bacteria living on each square centimetres of skin on their hands. Areas like under the fingernails and between the fingers often harbour more

N". The average human touches their face 23 times an hour, risking infection transmission to eyes, nose and mouth
III. Research has demonstrated that if everyone routinely washed their hands, a million deaths a year could be prevented

N". The most common microbial contaminants from hands in health care include skin commensals and pathogens - MRSA, CDI, VRE, E. coli

NII Unclean surfaces can harbour millions of organisms. Keyboards and related hardware have been found to have 24$100 \%$ proportion contamination. Portable medical equipment is a significant source of transmission, identifying at least 40 colonies on all items. Mobile phones are considered a hazardous microbial platform, housing bacteria, fungi, protists, viruses and bacteriophages.

## HOW

(I) WET hands with running water

SOAP your hands and lather up
RUB all over your hands, between your fingers and thumbs for 20 seconds
RINSE hands under running water
DRY hands using paper towel

## WHEN

## Before:

- Entering or leaving a healthcare facility, clinic or personal environment (patient/resident/client room or home)
- Touching patient/resident/client
- Handling medicines
- Preparing/eating food
- Touching your eyes, nose or mouth
- Preparing a bottle
- Donning gloves


## After:

- Removing gloves
- Blowing your nose, coughing or sneezing
- Going to the toilet
- Touching animals and pets including therapy animals
- Changing a nappy
- Assisting another person with toileting/personal hygiene


